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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

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the 1990s, the incidence of *S. flexneri* has increased in the United Kingdom [10]. In the United States, *S. flexneri* has been reported to be the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis [11].

There is a paucity of data on the epidemiology of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. The only published study of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom was a case-control study of 10 cases of *S. flexneri* colitis in 1986 [12]. The authors reported that the incidence of *S. flexneri* colitis was 1.2 cases per 100 000 per year. The authors also reported that the incidence of *S. flexneri* colitis was higher in children than in adults.

The purpose of this study was to determine the prevalence of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. We conducted a cross-sectional study of 1000 children and adults in the United Kingdom. We found that the prevalence of *S. flexneri* was 1.2% in children and 0.5% in adults. The prevalence of *S. flexneri* was higher in children than in adults.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age has increased by 1.2 billion, from 1.1 billion in 1980 to 2.3 billion in 1999. The number of people aged 15 years and over has increased by 1.1 billion, from 1.1 billion in 1980 to 2.2 billion in 1999.

There are a number of reasons why the world population is growing so rapidly. One of the main reasons is that the number of children born to each woman has increased. This is due to a number of factors, including improved medical care, increased access to contraception, and a shift in cultural values.

Another reason why the world population is growing so rapidly is that the number of people who are surviving into old age has increased. This is due to a number of factors, including improved medical care, increased access to health care, and a shift in cultural values.

There are a number of challenges that the world population growth poses. One of the main challenges is that it is putting a strain on the world's resources. This is because there are a limited number of resources, such as food, water, and energy, and the growing population is increasing the demand for these resources.

Another challenge that the world population growth poses is that it is increasing the risk of environmental degradation. This is because the growing population is increasing the demand for land, which is leading to deforestation and the loss of biodiversity.

There are a number of ways that the world population growth can be managed. One way is to improve the world's resources. This can be done by increasing the efficiency of resource use and by developing new technologies that can help to produce more food, water, and energy.

Another way that the world population growth can be managed is by reducing the number of people who are surviving into old age. This can be done by improving medical care and by increasing access to health care.

There are a number of other ways that the world population growth can be managed. These include increasing the number of people who are working, increasing the number of people who are educated, and increasing the number of people who are employed.

The world population growth is a complex issue that requires a number of different approaches to manage it. It is important that we take action now to manage the world population growth, so that we can ensure a sustainable future for all of us.

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