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the 1990s, the incidence of *S. flexneri* has increased in the United Kingdom [10]. In the United States, *S. flexneri* has been reported as the most common serotype in children with acute bacterial dysentery [11].

There is a paucity of data on the epidemiology of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. In the 1980s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [12]. In the 1990s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [13].

The purpose of this study was to determine the prevalence of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. The study was designed to determine the prevalence of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. The study was designed to determine the prevalence of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased by 1.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased by 1 million (Office of National Statistics 1999). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase to 6.5 million by 2011, and the number of people aged 75 and over to 2.5 million (Office of National Statistics 1999).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people, and a number of initiatives have been launched to address this need. The Department of Health has launched the 'Age Friendly' initiative, which aims to make the UK a more age-friendly country. The initiative is based on the principle that older people should be able to live independently and actively in their own homes and communities.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1999. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used. (p. 1)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of communication, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used. (p. 1)

The 'information science' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information science, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used. (p. 1)

The 'information studies' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information studies, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used. (p. 1)

The 'information research' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information research, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used. (p. 1)

The 'information practice' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information practice, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used. (p. 1)

The 'information theory' field is defined as:

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The 'information technology' field is defined as:

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The 'information systems' field is defined as:

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The 'information management' field is defined as:

...the study of the nature, uses and functions of information management, and the ways in which it is created, communicated, evaluated and used. (p. 1)

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the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are obese has increased by 100% (Flegal et al. 2002). In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 10% in 1980 to 22% in 1998 (Health Survey for England 2000). In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 15% in 1980 to 30% in 1998 (Flegal et al. 2002).

Obesity is a complex condition, and its aetiology is multifactorial. It is a result of an imbalance between energy intake and energy expenditure. The energy intake is determined by the amount of food and drink consumed, and the energy expenditure is determined by the amount of physical activity. The imbalance between energy intake and energy expenditure is the result of a combination of genetic, environmental, and behavioural factors.

Genetic factors play a role in the development of obesity. Some people are genetically predisposed to be obese. This is because they have a higher number of fat cells, or adipocytes, than most people. These fat cells are responsible for storing energy in the form of fat. People with a higher number of fat cells are more likely to gain weight when they eat more food than they need.

Environmental factors also play a role in the development of obesity. One of the most important environmental factors is the availability of food. In the United States, there is a high availability of food, and this has led to an increase in the number of people who are obese. In the United Kingdom, the availability of food is lower, and this has led to a lower prevalence of obesity.

Behavioural factors also play a role in the development of obesity. One of the most important behavioural factors is the amount of physical activity. People who are more physically active are less likely to be obese. This is because physical activity helps to burn off the energy that is taken in from food. People who are less physically active are more likely to gain weight when they eat more food than they need.

Obesity is a complex condition, and its aetiology is multifactorial. It is a result of an imbalance between energy intake and energy expenditure. The energy intake is determined by the amount of food and drink consumed, and the energy expenditure is determined by the amount of physical activity. The imbalance between energy intake and energy expenditure is the result of a combination of genetic, environmental, and behavioural factors.

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Obesity is a major public health problem, and it is associated with a number of health problems, including type 2 diabetes, heart disease, and stroke. It is also associated with a number of psychological problems, including depression and anxiety. Obesity is a complex condition, and its aetiology is multifactorial. It is a result of an imbalance between energy intake and energy expenditure.

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