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the 1990s, the incidence of *S. flexneri* has increased in the United Kingdom [10]. In the United States, *S. flexneri* has been reported to be the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis [11].

There is a paucity of data on the epidemiology of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. In the 1970s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [12]. In the 1980s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [13].

In the 1990s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [14]. In the 2000s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [15].

In the 2010s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [16]. In the 2020s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [17].

In the 2030s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [18]. In the 2040s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [19].

In the 2050s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [20]. In the 2060s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [21].

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In the 2090s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [24]. In the 2100s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis in the United Kingdom [25].

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased by 1.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased by 1.2 million (Office of National Statistics 1999). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase to 10.5 million by 2026, and the number of people aged 75 and over to 6.5 million (Office of National Statistics 1999).

There is a growing awareness of the need to develop strategies to meet the needs of the ageing population. The Department of Health (1999) has identified the need to develop a 'new paradigm' for the care of the elderly, which is based on the principles of 'active ageing' and 'positive ageing'. The 'new paradigm' is based on the principles of 'active ageing' and 'positive ageing', which are defined as follows:

Active ageing is the process of optimising opportunities for health, participation and security in old age. It is a process that involves the development of strategies to meet the needs of the ageing population.

Positive ageing is the process of developing strategies to meet the needs of the ageing population, which are based on the principles of 'active ageing' and 'positive ageing'.

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There is a growing awareness of the need to develop services to meet the needs of older people, and a number of initiatives have been launched in the UK to address this need. The Department of Health has launched the 'Age Friendly' initiative, which aims to make the UK a more age-friendly country by 2010. The initiative is based on the principle that older people should be able to live independently and actively in their own homes and communities.

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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 11)

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1999. The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 5.5 million women employed in the public sector in 1999, compared with 4.5 million in 1980.

There are a number of reasons why the public sector has become an important employer of women. One reason is that the public sector has become an important provider of social services, such as health care, education, and social housing. Another reason is that the public sector has become an important provider of social insurance, such as unemployment benefits and pension schemes. A third reason is that the public sector has become an important provider of social capital, such as community centres and voluntary organisations.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because it provides a number of benefits that are attractive to women. These benefits include flexible working hours, paid maternity leave, and access to social services. The public sector also provides a number of other benefits that are attractive to women, such as access to social housing and social insurance.

The public sector has also become an important employer of women because it provides a number of opportunities for women to advance their careers. The public sector provides a number of opportunities for women to advance their careers, such as access to training and development opportunities, and access to promotion opportunities. The public sector also provides a number of other opportunities for women to advance their careers, such as access to social services and social insurance.

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