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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased by 1.5 million (1990–2000) and is projected to increase by a further 1.5 million by 2020 (Office for National Statistics 2001). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase by 2.5 million by 2020 in the USA (U.S. Census Bureau 2000). The number of people aged 65 and over in the UK is projected to increase by 2.5 million by 2020 (Office for National Statistics 2001).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the health and social care needs of the ageing population. The World Health Organization (WHO) has identified the need to address the health and social care needs of the ageing population as a priority for the 21st century (WHO 1999). The WHO has identified the need to address the health and social care needs of the ageing population as a priority for the 21st century (WHO 1999).

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1998) and the number of people in the private sector has increased by 1.5 million (from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1998) (Department of Health 1999).

There is a growing emphasis on the need to improve the quality of care in the public sector. This has led to a number of initiatives, including the introduction of the Health Care Act 1999, which sets out the framework for the regulation of health care. The Act requires health care providers to ensure that they meet certain standards of quality and safety. It also requires them to have in place a system of monitoring and evaluation to ensure that they are meeting these standards.

One of the key challenges facing the public sector is the need to improve the quality of care while at the same time reducing costs. This is a difficult task, as there is a natural tension between quality and cost. However, there are a number of ways in which the public sector can improve the quality of care while at the same time reducing costs. These include: (1) improving the efficiency of the system; (2) improving the quality of the workforce; (3) improving the quality of the facilities; and (4) improving the quality of the services.

One of the most important ways in which the public sector can improve the quality of care is by improving the efficiency of the system. This can be done in a number of ways, including: (1) reducing the number of staff; (2) reducing the number of beds; (3) reducing the number of consultations; and (4) reducing the number of tests. However, it is important to ensure that these measures do not compromise the quality of care.

Another important way in which the public sector can improve the quality of care is by improving the quality of the workforce. This can be done in a number of ways, including: (1) improving the training of staff; (2) improving the recruitment of staff; and (3) improving the retention of staff. However, it is important to ensure that these measures do not compromise the quality of care.

Another important way in which the public sector can improve the quality of care is by improving the quality of the facilities. This can be done in a number of ways, including: (1) improving the design of the facilities; (2) improving the maintenance of the facilities; and (3) improving the safety of the facilities. However, it is important to ensure that these measures do not compromise the quality of care.

Another important way in which the public sector can improve the quality of care is by improving the quality of the services. This can be done in a number of ways, including: (1) improving the range of services; (2) improving the quality of the services; and (3) improving the accessibility of the services. However, it is important to ensure that these measures do not compromise the quality of care.

There are a number of other ways in which the public sector can improve the quality of care, including: (1) improving the quality of the information; (2) improving the quality of the research; and (3) improving the quality of the evaluation. However, it is important to ensure that these measures do not compromise the quality of care.

In conclusion, the public sector faces a number of challenges in the 1990s, including the need to improve the quality of care while at the same time reducing costs. However, there are a number of ways in which the public sector can improve the quality of care while at the same time reducing costs. These include: (1) improving the efficiency of the system; (2) improving the quality of the workforce; (3) improving the quality of the facilities; and (4) improving the quality of the services.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age has increased from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of people aged 65 and over has increased from 200 million to 350 million. The number of people aged 15–64 years has increased from 1.5 billion to 2.1 billion.

There are a number of factors which have contributed to the increase in the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age. One of the main factors is the increase in the number of people who are having children at a younger age. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that people are having children at a younger age than in the past, and the fact that people are having more children than in the past.

Another factor is the increase in the number of people who are surviving into old age. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that people are living longer than in the past, and the fact that people are having more children than in the past. This is due to a number of factors, including the fact that people are having children at a younger age than in the past, and the fact that people are having more children than in the past.

The increase in the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is a major challenge for the world. It is a challenge because it means that there are more people who need to be educated, and more people who need to be employed. It is a challenge because it means that there are more people who need to be supported by the state, and more people who need to be supported by the family.

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