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certain cases. And in particular it may be more advantageous than any

Il est important de noter que les données présentées ici sont basées sur des informations publiques et peuvent être sujettes à des changements. Les données sont présentées à titre indicatif et ne doivent pas être utilisées pour prendre des décisions financières. Les données sont présentées à titre indicatif et ne doivent pas être utilisées pour prendre des décisions financières.

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the 1990s, the incidence of *S. flexneri* has increased in the United Kingdom [10]. In the United States, *S. flexneri* has been reported to be the most common serotype of *Shigella* isolated from children with shigellosis [11].

There is a paucity of data on the prevalence of *Shigella* spp. in the United Kingdom. In a study of 1000 children in the United Kingdom, 10% were found to have *Shigella* spp. in their stool [12]. In a study of 1000 children in the United States, 10% were found to have *Shigella* spp. in their stool [13].

The purpose of this study was to determine the prevalence of *Shigella* spp. in the stool of children in the United Kingdom. The study was conducted in a large, multi-centre, population-based study of children in the United Kingdom. The study was conducted in 1998 and 1999.

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the 1990s, the incidence of *S. flexneri* has increased in the United Kingdom [10]. In the United States, *S. flexneri* has been reported as the most common serotype in children with acute bacterial dysentery [11].

There is a paucity of data on the epidemiology of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. In the 1970s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [12]. In the 1980s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [13].

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In the 2010s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [16]. In the 2020s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [17].

In the 2030s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [18]. In the 2040s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [19].

In the 2050s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [20]. In the 2060s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [21].

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the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are obese has increased by 100% (Flegal et al. 2002). In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 10% in 1980 to 16% in 1997 (Health Survey for England 1997). In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 15% in 1980 to 23% in 1994 (Flegal et al. 2002).

Obesity is a risk factor for a number of chronic diseases, including coronary heart disease, stroke, type 2 diabetes, and certain types of cancer (World Health Organization 1997). In the United States, obesity is the leading risk factor for death and disability (Flegal et al. 2002). In the United Kingdom, obesity is the leading risk factor for death and disability (Health Survey for England 1997). In the United States, obesity is the leading risk factor for death and disability (Flegal et al. 2002).

Obesity is a complex condition that is caused by a combination of genetic, environmental, and behavioral factors. In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 15% in 1980 to 23% in 1994 (Flegal et al. 2002). In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 10% in 1980 to 16% in 1997 (Health Survey for England 1997). In the United States, obesity is the leading risk factor for death and disability (Flegal et al. 2002).

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the 'information' and 'communication' fields. The 'information' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of information production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 10)

The 'communication' field is defined as:

...the study of the processes of communication production, distribution, access, use and evaluation, and the study of the social, cultural, economic and political contexts in which these processes take place. (p. 10)

These definitions are very similar to those of the 'information' and 'communication' fields in the *Handbook of Information Science* [10].

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 12.5 million, and the number of people aged 75 and over has increased from 4.5 million to 6.5 million (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people in the community. The Department of Health (1999) has published a strategy for older people, which sets out a vision for the future of older people's health and social care. The strategy is based on the following principles: older people should be able to live independently in their own homes; older people should be able to access the services they need; and older people should be able to participate in the decisions that affect their lives.

The strategy also sets out a number of key objectives for the future of older people's health and social care. These include: to improve the quality of life of older people; to reduce the inequalities in health and social care; to ensure that older people are able to access the services they need; and to ensure that older people are able to participate in the decisions that affect their lives.

The strategy is a key document for the future of older people's health and social care. It sets out a vision for the future of older people's health and social care, and it sets out a number of key objectives for the future of older people's health and social care. The strategy is a key document for the future of older people's health and social care.

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Obesity is a complex condition, with many causes and consequences. It is a leading cause of death and disability in the United States, and is associated with a number of chronic diseases, including heart disease, diabetes, and cancer. Obesity is also a major risk factor for many other health problems, including depression, asthma, and osteoarthritis.

There are many factors that contribute to obesity, including genetics, diet, and physical activity. In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased significantly in the past few decades, and this is largely due to changes in diet and physical activity. In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has also increased, but at a slower rate than in the United States.

Obesity is a complex condition, and it is important to understand the many factors that contribute to it. In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased significantly in the past few decades, and this is largely due to changes in diet and physical activity. In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has also increased, but at a slower rate than in the United States.

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