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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) and is projected to increase by a further 1.5 million by 2010 (Office for National Statistics 2000). The number of people aged 65 and over is projected to increase by 2.5 million by 2020 (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to develop strategies to meet the needs of the ageing population. The Department of Health (1999) has identified the need to develop a new approach to the care of the elderly, one that is based on the principles of 'active ageing'. This approach is based on the idea that ageing is a process, and that the needs of the elderly are not static. It is therefore necessary to develop strategies that can respond to the changing needs of the elderly over time.

The Department of Health (1999) has identified a number of key areas for action in the development of a new approach to the care of the elderly. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to the assessment of the needs of the elderly; (2) the need to develop a new approach to the delivery of services to the elderly; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to the financing of services to the elderly.

The Department of Health (1999) has also identified a number of key principles that should guide the development of a new approach to the care of the elderly. These include: (1) the need to ensure that services are based on the needs of the elderly; (2) the need to ensure that services are delivered in a way that is respectful of the dignity and autonomy of the elderly; and (3) the need to ensure that services are financed in a way that is sustainable.

The Department of Health (1999) has also identified a number of key challenges that will need to be addressed in the development of a new approach to the care of the elderly. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to the assessment of the needs of the elderly; (2) the need to develop a new approach to the delivery of services to the elderly; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to the financing of services to the elderly.

The Department of Health (1999) has also identified a number of key opportunities that will need to be seized in the development of a new approach to the care of the elderly. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to the assessment of the needs of the elderly; (2) the need to develop a new approach to the delivery of services to the elderly; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to the financing of services to the elderly.

The Department of Health (1999) has also identified a number of key priorities that will need to be addressed in the development of a new approach to the care of the elderly. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to the assessment of the needs of the elderly; (2) the need to develop a new approach to the delivery of services to the elderly; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to the financing of services to the elderly.

The Department of Health (1999) has also identified a number of key actions that will need to be taken in the development of a new approach to the care of the elderly. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to the assessment of the needs of the elderly; (2) the need to develop a new approach to the delivery of services to the elderly; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to the financing of services to the elderly.

The Department of Health (1999) has also identified a number of key outcomes that will need to be achieved in the development of a new approach to the care of the elderly. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to the assessment of the needs of the elderly; (2) the need to develop a new approach to the delivery of services to the elderly; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to the financing of services to the elderly.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a major factor in the overall growth of the economy.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are obese has increased by 100% (Flegal et al. 2002). In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 10% in 1980 to 15% in 1997 (Health Survey for England 1997). In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased from 15% in 1980 to 23% in 1994 (Flegal et al. 2002).

Obesity is a complex condition, with many causes and consequences. It is a leading cause of death and disability in the United States, and a major public health problem in many other countries. Obesity is associated with a number of health problems, including heart disease, diabetes, and certain types of cancer. It is also associated with social and psychological problems, such as discrimination and low self-esteem.

There are many factors that contribute to obesity, including genetics, diet, and physical activity. In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased significantly in the past few decades, and this is largely due to changes in diet and physical activity. In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has also increased, but at a slower rate than in the United States.

Obesity is a complex condition, and it is important to understand the many factors that contribute to it. In the United States, the prevalence of obesity has increased significantly in the past few decades, and this is largely due to changes in diet and physical activity. In the United Kingdom, the prevalence of obesity has also increased, but at a slower rate than in the United States.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1995. The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 60% of public sector employees being women in 1995.

There are a number of reasons why the public sector has become an important employer of women. One reason is that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are traditionally held by women, such as teaching, nursing, and social work. Another reason is that the public sector has a high proportion of jobs that are part-time or flexible, which are more likely to be held by women.

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There is a growing awareness of the need to develop strategies to meet the needs of the ageing population. The Department of Health (1999) has published a strategy for the ageing population, which sets out the government's commitment to improve the health and well-being of older people. The strategy is based on the following principles: (1) to improve the health and well-being of older people; (2) to ensure that older people are able to live independently; (3) to ensure that older people are able to participate in society; and (4) to ensure that older people are able to live in their own homes.

The strategy is based on the following principles: (1) to improve the health and well-being of older people; (2) to ensure that older people are able to live independently; (3) to ensure that older people are able to participate in society; and (4) to ensure that older people are able to live in their own homes. The strategy is based on the following principles: (1) to improve the health and well-being of older people; (2) to ensure that older people are able to live independently; (3) to ensure that older people are able to participate in society; and (4) to ensure that older people are able to live in their own homes.

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