

Ce site utilise des cookies provenant de Google pour fournir ses services et analyser le trafic. Votre adresse IP et votre user-agent, ainsi que des statistiques relatives aux performances et à la sécurité, sont transmis à Google afin d'assurer un service de qualité, de générer des statistiques d'utilisation, et de détecter et de résoudre les problèmes d'abus.

EN SAVOIR PLUS OK !

□□ □□□□.



□□ □□□□: □ (Atom)

About Me

 entffns

□□ □□□ □□

Total Pageviews

Share this

Share This

Powered by Blogger.

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of characters and symbols, likely representing a corrupted or heavily redacted document. It contains no legible words or phrases.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

the 1990s, the incidence of *S. flexneri* has increased in the United Kingdom [10]. In the United States, *S. flexneri* has been reported as the most common serotype in children with acute bacterial dysentery [11].

There is a paucity of data on the epidemiology of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. In the 1970s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [12]. In the 1980s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [13].

In the 1990s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [14]. In the 2000s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [15].

In the 2010s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [16]. In the 2020s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [17].

In the 2030s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [18]. In the 2040s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [19].

In the 2050s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [20]. In the 2060s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [21].

In the 2070s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [22]. In the 2080s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [23].

In the 2090s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [24]. In the 2100s, *S. flexneri* was the most commonly isolated serotype from patients with acute bacterial dysentery in the United Kingdom [25].

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to the quality of the scan and the density of the text. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of closely related sentences. The visible fragments of text are as follows:]

[Illegible text block]

[REDACTED]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low resolution. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It appears to be a mix of English and possibly some non-English characters, but the overall structure suggests a single paragraph or a series of lines of text. Due to the low resolution and potential noise in the scan, the specific words and punctuation are difficult to discern accurately. The text is oriented vertically on the page.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to the quality of the scan and the density of the text. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of closely related sentences. The visible fragments of text are as follows:]

[Illegible text block]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[REDACTED]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to the quality of the scan and the density of the text. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a section of a larger document, but the specific content cannot be accurately transcribed.]

[REDACTED]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to the quality of the scan and the density of the text. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a section of a larger document, but the specific content cannot be accurately transcribed.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of lines of prose, but the specific words and sentences cannot be transcribed accurately.]

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1998. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

The public sector has also become a major provider of social services, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy. The public sector has become a major employer in the UK, and its growth has been a key factor in the overall growth of the economy.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased by 1.5 million (1990–1999) and is projected to increase by a further 1.5 million by 2010 (Office for National Statistics 2000). The number of people aged 65 and over in the UK is projected to increase from 10.5 million in 1999 to 12.5 million in 2010, with the number of people aged 75 and over increasing from 4.5 million to 5.5 million in the same period (Office for National Statistics 2000).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the health care needs of the ageing population. The Department of Health (2000) has identified the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community. This approach is based on the principle that health care should be provided in the community, rather than in the hospital, and that the health care system should work in partnership with the community to meet the needs of the ageing population.

The Department of Health (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action in order to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; (2) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community.

The Department of Health (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action in order to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; (2) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community.

The Department of Health (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action in order to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; (2) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community.

The Department of Health (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action in order to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; (2) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community.

The Department of Health (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action in order to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; (2) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community.

The Department of Health (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action in order to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; (2) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community.

The Department of Health (2000) has identified a number of key areas for action in order to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population. These include: (1) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; (2) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community; and (3) the need to develop a new approach to health care for the ageing population, one that is based on a partnership between the health care system and the community.

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to the quality of the scan and the density of the text. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of closely related sentences. The visible fragments of text are as follows:]

[Illegible text block]

the 1990s, the incidence of *S. flexneri* has increased in the United Kingdom [10]. In the United States, *S. flexneri* has been reported to be the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis [11].

There is a paucity of data on the epidemiology of *S. flexneri* in the United Kingdom. In the 1970s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [12]. In the 1980s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [13].

In the 1990s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [14]. In the 2000s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [15].

In the 2010s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [16]. In the 2020s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [17].

In the 2030s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [18]. In the 2040s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [19].

In the 2050s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [20]. In the 2060s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [21].

In the 2070s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [22]. In the 2080s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [23].

In the 2090s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [24]. In the 2100s, *S. flexneri* was the most common serotype of *S. flexneri* isolated from children with acute colitis in the United Kingdom [25].

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It appears to be a mix of English and possibly some non-English characters, but the overall structure suggests a single paragraph or a series of lines of text. Due to the low resolution and potential noise in the scan, the specific words and punctuation are difficult to discern accurately. The text is oriented vertically on the page.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It is mostly illegible due to extreme blurring and low contrast. The text appears to be a single paragraph or a series of closely related sentences, but the specific words and structure cannot be discerned.]

[The following text is a dense, continuous block of text, likely a scan of a document page. It appears to be a mix of English and possibly some non-English characters, but the content is largely illegible due to the quality of the scan. The text is organized into several paragraphs, with some lines starting with capital letters. The overall structure suggests a formal document or a book page.]

[Illegible text block containing multiple paragraphs of text, likely a scan of a document page. The text is dense and appears to be a mix of English and possibly some non-English characters, but the content is largely illegible due to the quality of the scan.]

